The Good, The Bad, & The Ugly: A Discussion of Federal & State Budget Impacts on Development in the Commonwealth

VIRTUAL BRIEFING



OVERVIEW OF NEW FEDERAL TAX LAW

- On July 4th, President Trump signed federal "reconciliation" budget bill that includes various proposals in taxes policy and funding for existing federal programs
- It is officially called the "One Big Beautiful Bill Act"



Photo from Washington Post



WHEN DOES IT TAKE EFFECT?

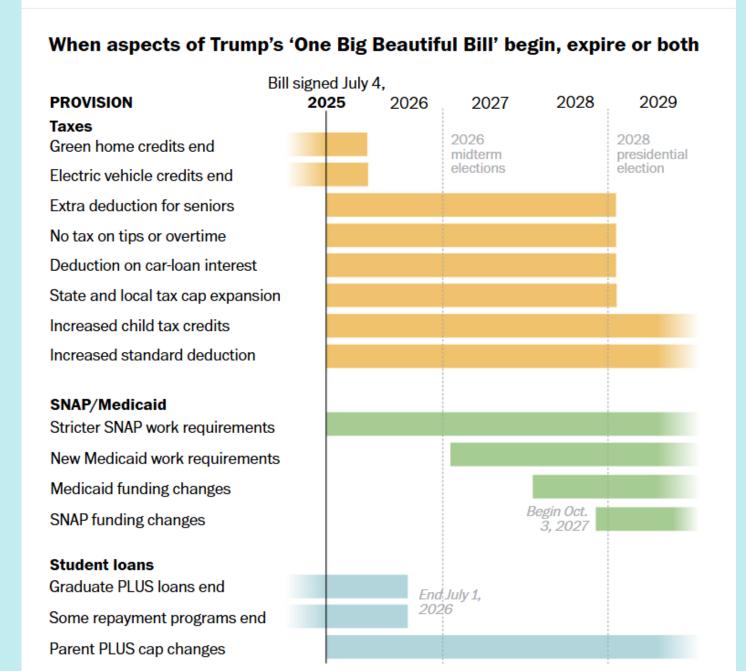
Many Tax Proposals Start Right Away

- Existing Corporate and Income Tax Rates (set in 2017) made permanent
- State & Local Tax Deduction ("SALT cap") increased
- Standard Deduction increased
- Child Tax Credit increased by \$200 per child
- No Taxes on Tips (up to \$25k)
- New Work Requirements for Food Assistance Programs
- Some Infrastructure Grants rescinded
- Clean Energy Programs Phased Out
- Electric Vehicles Tax Credits Ending Soon



The Washington Post

Democracy Dies in Darkness

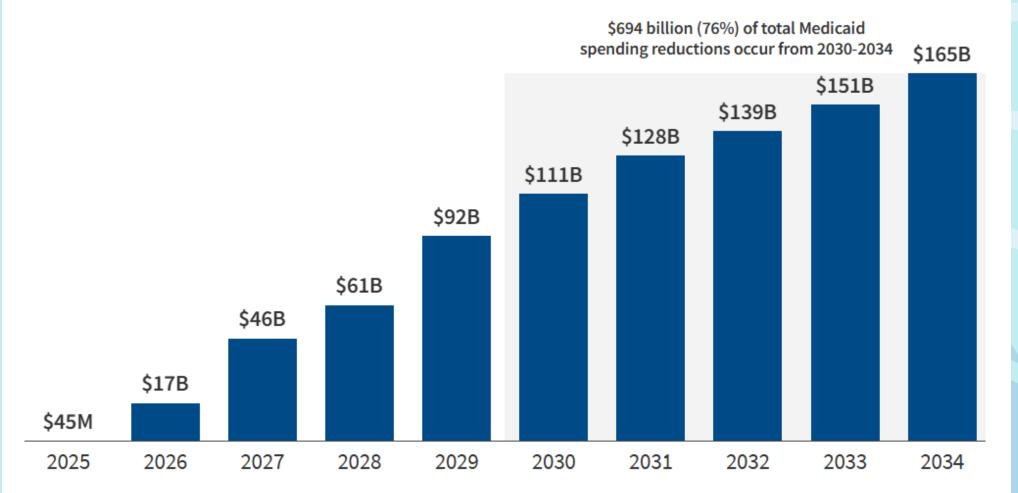


Source:
Washington Post,
"When Will
Trump's Big Tax
Law Take Effect?
Here's What To
Expect." July 14,
2025



FEDERAL MEDICAID CUTS

Federal Medicaid Cuts in the Enacted Reconciliation Package, By Year



Source: KFF

"Allocating CBO's

Estimates of

Federal Medicaid

Spending

Reductions

Across the

States" July 23,
2025



WHAT DOES FEDERAL FUNDING DO IN MASSACHUSETTS?



Massachusetts received \$22.9B in federal funding last year

OPERATING

\$16.1B \$41.9B

CAPITAL

OTHER GRANTS

\$1.5B

\$4.4B

\$5.3B

■ FEDERAL ■ STATE



\$12.5 BILLION OF

INFRASTRUCTURE

PROJECTS

scheduled in the next 5 years



1 IN 4 HOUSEHOLDS

RELY ON SNAP

to afford nutritious food for their family.



115 MILLION SCHOOL MEALS

for low-income students across Massachusetts.





140,000

HOUSEHOLDS

are housed with the support of federal rental assistance.



11,000 CHILDREN

ATTEND PRESCHOOL

with federal **HeadStart** programs.



RESIDENTS

ARE ENROLLED

IN MassHealth

including low- and moderate-income families, older adults, and people with disabilities. Source: Mass.gov

"Impact of
federal funding
cuts on
Massachusetts"



OVERVIEW OF THE STATE BUDGET

- On July 4th, Gov. Healey signed the FY26 State Budget, that raises spending by 5% vs last year.
- However, the final budget is approximately \$1 billion smaller than her initial proposal from January.
- The final budget also takes initial steps to reduce spending on MassHealth, likely to adjust to federal funding plans



Photo from MA Gov Press Office



OVERVIEW OF THE STATE BUDGET

Healey is <u>also asking for additional</u> budget-cutting authority from Legislature:

- To shift funding within Executive Branch agencies
- To pay for some MassDOT employees with capital dollars - instead of operating dollars
- To unilaterally cut mid-year spending throughout parts of the state budget, if revenue falls below projections.



Photo from MA Gov Press Office



FAIR SHARE & THE STATE BUDGET

In June, the Governor signed a "Fair Share" supplemental budget

 funded <u>only</u> with money collected through the 4% millionaire's
 surtax on state income

- Transportation received 60% of Fair Share funds in this bill
- \$535 million to the MBTA to help the operating budget needs



FAIR SHARE & THE STATE BUDGET

 In July, through the State Budget, 70% of Fair Share funds when to Education programs

 There is still approximately \$1.3 billion of Fair Share funding currently unspent (but already collected in FY24 - FY25)

 We expect there will be another "Fair Share" supplemental budget proposed by Gov. Healey in the next few months

FUNDING CANCELLED FOR ALLSTON

The law rescinded a \$327 million grant for the I-90 Allston Multimodal Project

It represents 17% of the project finance plan, but we are still confident that are multiple other ways to fund this project





ELECTRIC VEHICLES – SEPT 30TH

Major Changes to EV Tax Credit Programs

The federal tax credits on EV's ends on Sept 30 – instead of 2032

- \$7,500 on new EV's
- \$4,000 on used EV's

EV home charger tax credits end on June 30, 2026

EV sales soar as Trump axes \$7,500 tax credit: 'People are rushing out' to buy, analyst says



Source: CNBC

https://www.cnbc.com/2025/08/08/ev-

sales-trump-tax-credit.html



RESIDENTIAL SOLAR – DEC 31ST

The residential clean energy tax credit (Section 25D) will end on Dec 31, 2025—nearly a decade ahead of schedule

- 30% credit on solar panel installation
- (Section 25D)

Commercial solar projects and third-partyowned residential systems, such as leases and power purchase agreements – continue until 2028

(Section 48E)



https://www.energysage.com/news/congress-passes-bill-ending-residential-solar-tax-credit/



RESIDENTIAL ENERGY – DEC 31ST

The Energy Efficient Home Improvement Credit will end on Dec 31, 2025

 30% credit on certain expenses (doors, windows, insulation, heat pumps, biomass boilers, furnaces, home energy audits.)

 Unlike the residential solar tax credit, there are limits to certain expenses in this program



https://www.washingtonpost.com/climatesolutions/2025/07/04/ev-home-tax-creditending/

Photo from "Wonder Window" ad



ELECTRIC APPLIANCES – NO CHANGE

No changes to the "Home Electrification and Appliance Rebate" Program (HEAR)

 The House of Representatives had proposed ending this program, but that did not happen in final bill

Rebates are still available for heat pumps (HVAC systems, water heaters, clothes dryers), electric stoves, and upgrades to ventilation and insulation.



In Massachusetts, these rebates are run through Masssave.com



WHAT IS NEXT?

Mark Bacon will talk about the Commercial Real Estate Programs



COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE INCENTIVES

Commercial Real Estate Incentives

MOST LIKELY APPLICABLE FOR A BETTER CITY MEMBERS

Incentive	Tax Code Reference	Gov Website Reference	Audience
Energy Efficient Homes Credit	§45L	<u>Lin k</u>	Single and multifam ily home builders
Energy Efficient Commercial Buildings Deduction	§179D	<u>Lin k</u>	Owners of com mercial buildings, designers of buildings for not-for-profit owners
Investment Tax Credit	§48/§48E	<u>Lin k</u>	Anyone installing qualifying clean energy property
Alternative Fuel Vehicle Credit	§30 C	<u>Lin k</u>	Properties with alternative fuel sources like electric chargers
Production Tax Credits	§45	<u>Lin k</u>	Prim arily utility grade renewable energy

COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE & ENERGY EFFICIENCY

OUR SERVICES



§45L TAX CREDIT

Residential Energy Efficiency

- A "per dwelling unit" credit based on energy efficiency implementations.
- For Residential builds, both Single
 Fam ily Homes and Multi Fam ily

 Homes.
- Pre-Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) (2023) - can credit \$2,000 per unit.
- Post IRA can credit up to \$5,000 per unit for EE program compliance like Energy Star and Zero Energy Ready Homes (ZERH).



§179D DEDUCTION

Com m ercial Energy Efficiency

- §179D is a deduction for renovations or construction costs of energy efficient commercial buildings.
- Upwards of \$5.81/sq. ft. can be added back to the budget to help fund updates/upgrades.



COST SEGREGATION

Accelerated Depreciation

- A "building agnostic" study that can accelerate depreciation on 15-30% of costs to acquire or build.
- A study on an existing building pulls cash out of that building to help fund green upgrades and portfolio expansion.
- A study on a renovation could accelerate 30-90% of that cost making much of the cost of potential rehabilitations and updates tax deductible.



§48E - ENERGY CREDIT

Clean Energy Investment

- Provides a dollar-for-dollar tax credit for businesses, and direct cash payments for state, local, and Tribal governments, non-profits, and other tax-exempt entities, ranging from 30% to 70% of the eligible project cost basis.
- Available for various technologies including solar and battery, wind, and geotherm al energy systems.
- Offers an option to sell or monetize the credit



IRA INCENTIVES AND CHANGES

ENERGY GENERATION AND CARBON CAPTURE (DATA UPDATED AS OF 8/13)

ENERGY GENERATION AND CARBON CAPTURE TAX PROVISON CHANGES DESCRIPTION Eligible Sources: Wind, biomass, geothermal, solar, etc. **Production Tax Credit for Electricity from Renewables** Credit: 0.55 or 0.03 cents/kWh (PIS after 12/31/21) Becomes 45Y, which is sunsetting. (§45, pre-2025) 2.8 or 1.4 cents/kWh (PIS before 1/1/22) 0.55 cents/kWh for marine & hydrokinetic (PIS after 12/31/22) Replaces § 45. Clean Electricity Production Tax Credit · Credit: 0.3 cents/kWh; 1.5 cents/kWh if Sunsetting. Similar to 48E. prevailing wage/apprenticeship (PWA) (§45Y, 2025 onward) met • Eligible Projects: Fuel cells, solar, **Investment Tax Credit for Energy Property** geothermal, wind, storage, biogas, CHP, Sunsetting, Specifications added around foreign-influenced entity, Some changes to transferability. (§ 48, pre-2025) Credit: 6% of qualified investment; 30% if **EXCEPTION: Geothermal PWA** met Clean Electricity Investment Tax Credit Replaces § 48. Sunsetting. Added FEOC restrictions. Start construction prior to July 4, 2026 to be · Credit: 6% of qualified investment; 30% if exempt. Otherwise, complete construction by end of 2027. (§ 48E, 2025 onward) **PWA** met **Credit for Carbon Oxide Sequestration** • Credit: \$12-\$36/metric ton; \$60-Retained and increased value. Added FEOC restrictions. \$180/metric ton if PWA met (varies by use) (§45Q) Zero-Emission Nuclear Power Production Credit For nuclear facilities in operation before 8/16/2022 Adds energy community bonus. · Credit: 0.3 cents/kWh; 1.5 cents/kWh if PW (§45U) requirements met

IRA INCENTIVES AND CHANGES

CLEAN VEHICLES, MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL ENERGY (DATA UPDATED AS OF 8/13)

CLEAN VEHICLES		
TAX PROVISON	DESCRIPTION	CHANGES
Credit for Qualified Commercial Clean Vehicles (§45W)	For purchases of commercial clean vehicles Credit: Up to \$40,000 (max \$7,500 for vehicles <14,000 lbs.)	Sunset for vehicles acquired after Sept 30, 2025.
Alternative Fuel Vehicle Credit (§30C)	Credit: 6% or 30% of qualified investment if PWA met – limit of \$100k	Sunset for property placed in service after June 30, 2026.
MANUFACTURING		
TAX PROVISON	DESCRIPTION	CHANGES
Advanced Energy Project Credit (§48C)	 Allocated via application (\$10B total; \$4B for energy communities) Credit: 6% or 30% of qualified investment if PWA met 	Existing projects are not changed but no new allocations to be provided.
Advanced Manufacturing Production Credit (§45X)	 For U.S. manufacturing of clean energy components Credit: Varies by component type 	Phasing out. Adding eligibility for metallurgical coal and expanding eligible battery technology.
COMMERCIAL ENERGY		
TAX PROVISON	DESCRIPTION	CHANGES
New Energy Efficient Homes Credit (§45L)	 Credit: \$2,500/home meeting Energy Star \$5,000/home for zero-energy ready Multifamily: \$500-\$1,000/unit 	Sunsetting. Home must be sold or rented by June 30, 2026.
Energy Efficient Commercial Buildings Deduction (§179D)	 Credit: \$0.50-\$1/sq ft (based on energy savings); capped at \$1/sq ft over 3-4 years New alternative deduction available for retrofits 	Sunsetting (wasn't in earlier provisions). Construction must start before June 30, 2026.

IRA INCENTIVES AND CHANGES

FUELS (DATA UPDATED AS OF 8/13)

TAX PROVISON	DESCRIPTION	CHANGES
Clean Hydrogen Production Tax Credit (§45V)	Credit: \$0.60/kg × applicable % (20–100%, depending on lifecycle GHG emissions) Increased if PWA met	Sunsetting, but the sunset date was extended 2 years.
Clean Fuel Production Credit (§45Z, from 2025)	 Fuels including sustainable aviation fuel Credit: \$0.20/gal (\$0.35 for aviation) × CO₂ factor \$1.00/gal (\$1.75 for aviation) if PWA met 	Extended through 2029. Added FEOC restrictions. Will require domestic feedstocks. Some changes to LCA.
Sustainable Aviation Fuel Credit (§40B)	 Provides a tax credit for the sale or use of sustainable aviation fuel (SAF) Credit: \$1.25/gal; up to \$0.50/gal bonus based on GHG reduction 	See 45Z.

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